ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Adrian Dunlevy
Frank Comerford
William Kemmy
Tom Little
Marian Duffy
Brian Buckley
Maura Dowling
Sean Scanlon
Eamonn Elliis

(Appointed 2 March 2016) (Appointed 22 September 2016)

Secretary

Frank Comerford

Company number

281504

Registered office

Community Services Centre

St Joseph's Road

Carlow.

Auditors

Lalor O'Shea McQuillan Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors 44 Tullow Street

Carlow

Business address

Community Services Centre

St Joseph's Road

Carlow.

Bankers

Allied Irish Bank 36/37 Tullow Street

Carlow

Solicitors

A.B. Jordan & Co College Street, Carlow.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be the provision of community services.

Fair review of the business

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the directors.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company relies principally on public funding to deliver its services. As such, it is subject to annual agreement of budgets, determination of service level agreement funding and increasingly stringent and specific governance compliance arrangements. The company may be affected by changes to government public funding policy.

Other risks and uncertainties facing the company include those that could arise from adverse developments in the following areas:

- changes in the current economic climate in Ireland
- the ability of the company to attract and retain key staff

The board regularly monitors all of the above risks and appropriate actions are taken to mitigate those risks or address their potential adverse consequences.

Directors and secretary

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Adrian Dunlevy

Frank Comerford

William Kemmy

Tom Little

Andrea Dalton

Marian Duffy

Brian Buckley

Maura Dowling

Sean Scanlon

Eamonn Elliis

(Appointed 2 March 2016)

(Resigned 2 March 2016)

(Appointed 22 September 2016)

Frank Comerford held the office of secretary during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

Directors' and secretary's interests

There are no directors' interests requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 2014.

Supplier payment policy

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for ensuring compliance, in all material respects, with the provisions of the European Communities (Late Payment in Commercial Transactions) Regulations 2012. Procedures have been implemented to identify the dates upon which invoices fall due for payment and to ensure that payments are made by such dates. Such procedures provide reasonable assurance against material non-compliance with the Regulations. The payment policy during the year under review was to comply with the requirements of the Regulations.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The company's directors are aware of their responsibilities, under sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 as to whether in their opinion, the accounting records of the company are sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and are discharging their responsibility by:

- employing qualified and experienced staff, and
- ensuring that sufficient company resources are available for the task, and
- liaising with the company's auditors.

The accounting records are held at the company's registered office, Community Services Centre St Joseph's Road Carlow.

Post reporting date events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year end.

Future developments

There are no future developments requiring comment.

In accordance with the Companies Act 2014, section 383(2), Lalor O'Shea McQuillancontinue in office as auditor of the company.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

Each of the directors in office at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that:

- · so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware,
- the director has taken all the steps that he / she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself / herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 330 of the Companies Act 2014.

On behalf of the board

Adrian Dunievy

Director

31 May 2017

Frank Comerford Director

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by Chartered Accountants Ireland. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- e state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

Director 31 May 2017 Frank Comerford

Dipector

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ST. CATHERINES COMMUNITY SERVICES CENTRE COMPANY LIMITED BY **GUARANTEE**

We have audited the financial statements of St. Catherines Community Services Centre Company Limited By Guarantee for the year ended 31 December 2016 set out on pages 6 to 19. The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by Chartered Accountants Ireland.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2016 and of its surplus for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council and, in particular, the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Matters on which we are required to report by the Companies Act 2014

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.
- The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.
- In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF ST. CATHERINES COMMUNITY SERVICES CENTRE COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of our obligation under the Companies Act 2014 to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of director's remuneration and transactions specified by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made.

for and on behalf of Lalor O'Shea McQuillan

Idea Other the Ordlan

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

44 Tullow Street

Carlow

31 May 2017

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Pa Y m d m co	2016 €	2015 €
	Notes 3	1,634,328	1,419,245
ncome Administrative and programme expenses Other operating income		(1,601,979) 6,624	(1,460,413) 5,374
Operating surplus/(deficit)	5	38,973	(35,794)
interest receivable and similar income	7	1,152	9,579
Surplus/(deficit) before taxation		40,125	(26,215)
l'axation			
Surplus/(deficit) for the financial year	15	40,125	(26,215)
Total comprehensive income for the year		40,125	(26,215)
Retained earnings at 1 January 2016		614,604	640,819
Retained earnings at 31 December 2016		654,729	614,604

The Income and Expenditure Account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2010		201	5
	210663	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets		:			
Tangible assets	8		58,813		59,124
Current assets					
Debtors	10	00.400			
Cash at bank and in hand	117	93,537		70,413	
		829,364		852,254	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	11	922,901		922,667	
year		(298,994)		(342,572)	
Net current assets		-			
·			623,907		580,095
Total assets less current liabilities			682,720		639,219
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year			(27,991)		(24,615)
Net assets		:	and the same of th		
			654,729		б14,604
					······································
Reserves					
Income and expenditure account	15		(54 500		
,	14		654,729		614,604

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31-Way 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

Adrian Dunlevy

Director

Frank Comerford

Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

KOK THE LEAR LINDS		Marie - Marie - Marie - Mar		
	2016		2015	
Notes	€	€	€	€
Cash flows from operating activities Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operations 17		(7,372)		72,221
Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Interest received	(16,670) 1,152		(20,0 8 5) 9,579	•
Net cash used in investing activities	· :	(15,518)		(10,506)
Net cash used in financing activities		*		
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(22,890)		61,715
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		852,254		790,539
		829,364		852,254
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

Company information

St. Catherines Community Services Centre Company Limited By Guarantee is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in Republic of Ireland. The registered office is Community Services Centre, St Joseph's Road, Carlow.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest ϵ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Income and expenditure

Government grants are accounted for using the accrual model. Grants relating to revenue are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied are recognised as a liability.

Fee income, donations, rental income and sundry income are recognised when receivable.

Expenses are included in the financial statements as they become due and include VAT where applicable as the company cannot reclaim it.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, not of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Leasehold

10% straight line

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

12.5% straight line

Motor vehicles

20% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Financial instruments 1.7

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in surplus or deficit, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publically traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through surplus and deficit, are assessed for indicators of Impairment of financial assets impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in surplus or deficit in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.8 Taxation

The company has obtained exemption from the Revenue Commissioners in respect of corporation tax, it being a company not carrying on a business for the purposes of making a profit.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Government grants

Grants are credited to deferred revenue. Grants towards capital expenditure are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful life of the assets. Grants towards revenue expenditure are released to the income and expenditure account as the related expenditure is incurred.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty 2

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Income/Service charges 3

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the Republic of Ireland.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4. Grant income from exchequer funds included in income from explication and included in income for the year are various sums received by way of grants from exchequer funding. The details of these grants, as required to be disclosed by the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform, are outlined below.

Grants received in in advance/	31/52/2016	(_k)	68, 118	12.274		, ,,,	16,022	1	12,147	3,003	3.974		611.7	680,1	1,420	1,763	2,296	569	<u>}</u>	1		167,11	•	1,384	,	6,252	4,332	5,796	1	9,539	,	17,027	. 1	1	2,038	! '	795	1		115		1,947		,		<u>co</u>
Grante dus	31/12/2016	GJ.	30,411	•	,	•	,	1	•	,		•		•	•	,	•	1	٠			CC 7"77	•		•		٠	•		•	٠	٠	•	838	*		٠	,	•	,			,	21,488	•	7,935
Becisson	in 2916	Ð	320,478	21,200	•	24 505	545,47	73,708	93,281	3,000									5.443	10.168	4310	67.677	270.50	•	1	•		29,451		37,187	31,960	44,752	36,342	7,544	31,738	45,198	10,283	7.984	76.07	10.00	201,12	561,	66 66 67	30,825	48,254	52,200
Grants received in in advance/ deferred	91/07/10/10	(L)	62,953	•	12,832	12.495		•	58,089	48	3,914	2,119	1683	7.70	025	1,768	2,296	569	٠	•	,	\$ 457	2002	8	401	180'77	4,332		5.586		15,972	•	14,757	,	•	9,165		3,765	•	7 197	ì	,	1,497	• !	2,925	,
Grants due	01/01/2016	ų.		•	•	226	Ì	,		•	,	•				•	,	,	•	•		22.718		•	'					•	•		•	•			•	•		,			,		ccr. 11	•
Accounted	for in 2016 6	,	345,124	8,926	12,832	40,842	71.708	50,00	(22,26)	9C	•	•	t		1	•	•		5,443	10,368	4,306	45,706	18,316	707	20.750	C1707	' '	23,033	080,4	27,548	41,952	27,735	5(0)	8,382	29,700	54,363	806.0	11,749	34,695	38,573	15,186	811 71	515.65	2000	120.02	7C7'00
- Tela	Grant Term	761 960 Jan Day 2016				41,068 Jan-Dec 2016	73,708 Jan-Dec 2016						8,600 Jan-Dec 2012	20,000 Jan-Dec 2012	3,000 Jan-Dec 2012	3.000 Jap-Der 2012						62.871 Sep 2015-Jun 2016	19,700 Apr 2016-Mar 2017	19,700 Apr 2015-Mar 2016	31,405 Nov15-Jun 2016	-				75 Sid Sen 2016 tim 2017			-		7 107 July 2010-Jun 20 1					57,991 Sep 2015-Jun 2016	43,725 Sep 2016-Jun 2017	22,375 Sep 2015-Jun 2016	85.610 San 2016-1141 2017	84.370 Sep 2015, her 2016		
,	rurpose of Grant	Pay/Admin, Service Provision	Pay/Admin, Service Provision	Pav/Admin Samina Bressia	Brass Contraction of the Contraction	rayindinin, beivice Provision	Pay/Admin, Service Provision	Pay/Admin, Service Provision	Service Provision	Service Protector	Servine Promision		Service Provision	Service Provision	Service Provision	Service Provision	Consultancy	Service Promising	Section Description	Service ribyision	ray Admin	ray/Admis	Pay/Admin, Service Prevision	Pay/Admin, Service Provision	Pay/Admin, Service Provision	Pay/Admin, Service Provision																Pay/Admin, Service Provision 2:		Pay/Admin, Service Provision 34	Pay/Admin, Service Provision 81	
Nene of Grant		Child & Family Services	School Completion programme	School Completion programme	Access & Family Support	Older Persons Services	Color resours are vices	Social Inclusion - THU	Older Persons Services	Child & Family Services	Social Inclusion - THU	Social Inclusion - Titti	Serial Inclusion, 750.1	OUL TOURISM TOUR	Certow Italy neatth Work - Cardio	I raveller Mens Heakh Work - Cardio	Centre of Excellence	School Meals Programme	School Meals Programm.	Activation & Family Survey Browner	Activation & Family Comment	Anticopies & County Capped (10granting)	Activation 9. Family Support Programme	Activation of Family Support Programme	Activation & Family Support Programme	Activation & Formily Support Programme	Back to Education initiative	Back to Education initiative	Constitute Childcars Subvention	Community Childcare Subvention	Community Childcare Subvention	Community Childcare Subvention		2 Education Childrare	2 Education Childcare	Training & Education Childcare	2 Education Children		~ .		-	ducation	,		Local Training Initiative	
Name of Grantor	in the second	315 0 -	1051	1.15/3	Tusla	HSE	HSH.	33:	200	125	HSE	HSE	HSE	HSE	E SH	2 2 3		Dept of Secial Protection	Dept of Social Protection	Dept of Social Protection	Dept of Social Protection	Dept of Social Protection	Dept of Social Protection	Dest of Social Programs	Dent of Social Designation	MODEL SAME CONTROL	NO STATE	ACC: O	roper	Pobal	Pobal	Pobal	Pobal	Pobal	Pobal	Pobul	Pobai	Pobal	Pobai	Pobal	Pobs	Z TTT Z	2100	aracy		
Governent Department	Children & Youth Affairs	Children & Yourh Affaire	Children & Youth Affairs	Children & Children	Vinte side 1 con Arairs	Health	Health	Health	Realth	1100	41641		Health	Health	Health	Health	Social Protection	Section Bridge	John Turkering	Social Ficherior:	Social Protection	Secial Protection	Social Protection	Social Protection	Social Protection	Education & Skills	Education & Skills	Children & Youth Affairs	Children & Vourh Affaire	Children & Youth Affairs	Children & North Assista	Children & Vende Affilia	Children & Youth Affice	Children & Youth Assist	Children & Vant. After		Chittee & S. C. Company	Children & Youlb Affairs	Children & Youth Affairs	Children & Youth Affairs	Children & Youth Affairs	Education & Skills	Education & Skills	Education & Skills		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4. Grant income from exchequer funds (continued)

Grants received in

Grants received in in advance/ in advance/ Grants dus deferred	3 3 3	1 1	1 1		25,500		3,000	
Grants du	31/12/201							
Received	іп 2016	2,379	2,500 1,811	1,756	788 25,500	5,500	3,000	3,797
Grents received in in advance/ deferred	01/01/2016 6 507	, ,	,		•	•	•	
Grants due	61/01/2016 E		416	, ,	•	•	• '	3,797
Accounted	For la 2016 E	2,379	2,084	087,1	,		0/5,5	,
Fota	Grant Term	2,379 Sep 2016-Jun 2016 2,380 Sep 2015-Jun 2016 3 874 Ten The 2016	6,500 Nov15-Jun 2016	1,750 Jan-Dec 2016	4,662 Jan-Dec 2016 788 Jan-Dec 2016	5,500 Jan-Dec 2016	3,370 Jan-Dec 2016 3,000 Jan 16 - Dec 2017	21.879 Feb 2015-Jun 2015
	Furpose of Grant	Enterprise grant Enterprise grant	Service Provision Pay/Admin, Service Provision	Service Provision Pay/Admin, Service Provision	Service Provision Pay/Admin	Service Provision Consultancy	Public awareness grant	Service Provision Pay/Admin, Service Provision
	Name of Grant	SICAP SICAP	SICAP SICAP	Benefit IT SICAP	Banefit IT Socially Monitored Alarms	Benefit (T	Traveller Pride Day	Carlow Older Persons Network European Refugee Fund
	Name of Grantor		CCD	f Comm, Climate Action & Env		Carlow Enterprise Board	Carlow County Council Carlow County Council	Carlow County Council Pobal
4. Grant income trom exenctues tours to the commerce of the co	Governent Department	Housing, Planning, Constantly & Local Gov CCDP	Housing, Planning, Community & Local Gov	Housing, Planning, Community of Color Cover Cover Communications, Climate Action & Env	Housing, Planning, Community & Local Cov Communications, Climate Action & Env	Communications, Climate Action & Env.	Justice & Equality	Ausing Planning, Community & Local Gry. Carlow County Council Justice & Equality

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

5	Operating surplus/(deficit)	4	
	Operating surplus//defait) for the	2016	2015
	Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year is stated after charging/(crediting)	€	E
	Government grants	(6,624)	(5.274
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's final statements	ncial (0,024)	(5,374
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	5,486	5,043
	or owned tangene fixed assets	16,981	17,138
		(19) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	
5	Employees		
	The average monthly number of persons (including at		
	The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed b	y the company during the yea	ir was:
		2016	2015
		Number	Number
	Administrative and programme staff		
	The state of the programme state	51	49
	ONL 4	The control of the Association o	7. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.
	Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
	:	2016	2015
		€	€
	Wages and salaries	1,074,792	952,820
	Employer's prsi	110,462	100,968
	Pension costs	11,236	8,371
		1.104.400	***
		1,196,490	1,062,159
	The number of employees whose total benefits received from the comparwithin the bracket $£60,000 - £70,000$ in 2016 was 1. No employees received year.	ny (excluding employer pens ed benefits in excess of €70,0	ion costs) fell 100 during the
,	Interest receivable and similar income		
	:	2016	2015
	Interest income	€	ϵ
	Interest on bank deposits	1 1 40	
		1,152	9,579
	Investment income includes the following:		
	Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through surplus or de		
	or de	ficit 1,152	9,579

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8	Tangible fixed assets Current fluancial year	buildings	ixtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		Læasehold €	ϵ	€	€
	Cost At 1 January 2016	1,501,680	277,710 16,670	6,400	1,785,790 16,670
	Additions At 31 December 2016	1,501,680	294,380	6,400	1,802,460
	Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2016 Depreciation charged in the year	1,477,415 6,756	246,691 8,945	2,560 1,280	1,726,666
	At 31 December 2016	1,484,171	255,636	3,840	1,743,647
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2016	17,509	38,744	2,560	58,813
	At 31 December 2015	24,265	31,019	3,840	59,124

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8	Tangible fixed assets				(Continued)
	Prior financial year	Land and Fi buildings Leaschold	xtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	Cont	€	€	€	€
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2015 Additions	1,501,680	257,625 20,085	6,400	1,765,705 20,085
	At 31 December 2015	1,501,680	277,710	6,400	1,785,790
	Depreciation and impairment	- 		***************************************	
	At 1 January 2015	1,468,306	239,942	1,280	1,709,528
	Depreciation charged in the year	9,109	6,749	1,280	17,138
	At 31 December 2015	1,477,415	246,691	2,560	1,726,666
	Carrying amount		———V——————————————————————————————————		
	At 31 December 2015	24,265	31,019	3,840	59,124
	At 31 December 2014	33,374	17,683	5,120	56,177
9	Financial instruments			White the second	FF by 1 and a minimum plan before the
				2016	2015
	Carrying amount of financial assets			€	€
	Debt instruments measured at amortised cost			90 a 47	c1 400
		•		89,247	64,450
	Carrying amount of financial liabilities	I			
	Measured at amortised cost			113,109	147,622
10	Debtors				
				2016	2015
	Amounts falling due within one year:			€	€
	Trade debtors			88,671	47,125
	Other debtors			576	17,325
	Prepayments and accrued income			4,290	5,963
				93,537	70,413

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2916	2015
		Notes	€	€
	DATE A STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	•	27,712	20,916
	PAYE and social welfare	12	158,173	174,034
	Deferred income		75,063	130,100
	Other creditors Accruals		38,046	17,522
			298,994	342,572
12	Deferred income		2016	2015
			€	€
			27,991	24,615
	Arising from government grants Other deferred income		158,173	174,034
	Other deterted income			
			186,164	198,649
	Deferred income is included in the financial statements as follows:			
	0		158,173	174,034
	Current liabilities Non-current liabilities		27,991	24,615
			186,164	198,649

13	Retirement benefit schemes		2016	2015
	Defined contribution schemes		€	ϵ
	Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes		11,236	8,371
	Charge to broth or loss in respect of annual			

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

The charge to surplus or deficit in respect of defined contribution schemes was €11,236 (2015 - €8,371).

14 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding €1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

15	Income and expenditure account			
			2016	2015
		:	€	€
	At the beginning of the year Surplus/(deficit) for the year		614,604 40,125	640,819 (26,215)

The company endeavours to hold funds in reserves to a maximum of 50% of its annual operating costs. The purpose of the fund is to cover disaster recovery and business continuance.

654,729

614,604

16 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

An Indenture of Mortgage and Charge exists between the company and the Health Service Executive in respect of the premises known as St. Catherine's Community Services Centre, St. Joseph's Road, Carlow. Under certain circumstances the HSE may demand repayment of this mortgage. However, the amount repayable will be reduced by a factor of 4% per annum. The maximum amount repayable at 31st December 2016 is €158,400 (2015:- €171,600).

17 Cash generated from operations

At the end of the year

	2016	2015
	ϵ	· €
Surplus/(deficit) for the year after tax	40,125	(26,215)
Adjustments for:		
Investment income Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	(1,152) 16,981	(9,579) 17,138
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/decrease in debtors (Decrease) in creditors (Decrease)/increase in deferred income	(23,124) (27,717)	40,927 (35,483)
	(12,485)	85,433
Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operations	(7,372)	72,221

18 Approval of financial statements

The directors approved the financial statements on the 31 May 2017